

1 Dérivation

Fonction	Dérivée
$ax + b$	a
x^2	$2x$
x^n	$n x^{n-1}$
$\frac{1}{x}$	$-\frac{1}{x^2}$
$\frac{1}{x^n}$	$-\frac{n}{x^{n+1}}$
$\sqrt{x}$	$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$

• somme : $(u + v)' = u' + v'$

• multiplication par un nombre :

$$(ku)' = k u'$$

• produit : $(u \times v)' = u'v + uv'$

• inverse : $\left(\frac{1}{u}\right)' = -\frac{u'}{u^2}$

• quotient : $\left(\frac{u}{v}\right)' = \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^2}$

exercice :

$$1. f(x) = x^2 + 1$$

$$2. g(x) = x + \sqrt{x}$$

$$3. h(x) = x^3 + x^2$$

$$4. i(x) = x^3 + x + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$5. j(x) = \frac{4x-1}{x} = 4 + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$6. k(x) = x^2 + x + 4 + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$1) f'(x) = 2x$$

$$2) g'(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$3) h'(x) = 3x^2 + 2x$$

$$4) i'(x) = 3x^2 + 1 - \frac{2}{x^3}$$

$$5) j'(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$6) k'(x) = 2x + 1 - \frac{1}{x^2}$$

exercice :

$$1. f(x) = 3x^2 - 5x$$

$$2. g(x) = -4x^2 + 3x$$

$$3. h(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x + 3$$

$$4. i(x) = 4x^3 - \frac{2}{3}x^2 + 6$$

$$5. j(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2x + 6}{3}$$

$$6. k(x) = 3x^5 + 7x^2 + 1$$

$$1) f'(x) = 3 \times 2x - 5 = 6x - 5.$$

$$2) g'(x) = -4 \times 2x + 3 = -8x + 3$$

$$3) h'(x) = \frac{1}{2} \times 2x - \frac{1}{2} = x - \frac{1}{2}.$$

$$4) i'(x) = 4 \times 3x^2 - \frac{2}{3} \times 2x$$

$$= 12x^2 - \frac{4}{3}x$$

$$5) j'(x) = \frac{2x - 2}{3} = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{2}{3}.$$

$$6) k'(x) = 3 \times 5x^4 + 7 \times 2x$$

$$= 15x^4 + 14x$$

exercice :

1) $f(x) = \overset{u}{x} \underbrace{\sqrt{x}}_v$

$$u'(x) = 1 \quad v'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \overset{u'}{1} \times \overset{v}{\sqrt{x}} + \overset{u}{x} \times \overset{v'}{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}} \\ &= \sqrt{x} + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{x}} \end{aligned}$$

2) $g(x) = \frac{\overset{u}{1}}{x} \underbrace{\sqrt{x}}_v$

$$u'(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2} \quad v'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} g'(x) &= -\frac{1}{x^2} \times \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{x} \times \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^2} + \frac{1}{2x\sqrt{x}} \end{aligned}$$

$$3) \quad h(x) = \overset{u}{x^2} \underbrace{(2x+4)}_v$$

$$u'(x) = 2x$$

$$v'(x) = 2$$

$$h'(x) = 2x(2x+4) + 2x^2$$

$$= 4x^2 + 8x + 2x^2$$

$$= 6x^2 + 8x.$$

exercice :

$$1. f(x) = \frac{1}{x^3 - 4}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{u}\right)' = -\frac{u'}{u^2}$$

$$u'(x) = 3x^2$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-3x^2}{(x^3 - 4)^2}$$

$$2. g(x) = \frac{1}{1 - x} \rightarrow u' = -1$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{-(-1)}{(1-x)^2} = \frac{1}{(1-x)^2}$$

$$3. h(x) = \frac{1}{-x^2 + 5x + 7}$$

$\hookrightarrow u'(x) = -2x + 5.$

$$h'(x) = \frac{-(-2x + 5)}{(-x^2 + 5x + 7)^2} = \frac{2x - 5}{(-x^2 + 5x + 7)^2}$$

exercice :

$$1. f(x) = \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$u'(x) = 3x^2$$

$$v'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3x^2 \sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \times x^3}{(\cancel{\sqrt{x}})^2}$$

$$= \frac{3x^2 \sqrt{x} - \frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{x}}}{x}$$

$$2. \ g(x) = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{x^2 - 4}$$

u

v

$$u'(x) = 2x \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$v'(x) = 2x$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \cdot (x^2 - 4) - 2x \cdot 2\sqrt{x}}{(x^2 - 4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{x^2 - 4}{\sqrt{x}} - 4x\sqrt{x}}{(x^2 - 4)^2}$$

$$3. h(x) = \frac{x^4 + 1}{x^3 - 1}$$

$$u'(x) = 4x^3$$

$$v'(x) = 3x^2$$

$$h'(x) = \frac{4x^3(x^3 - 1) - 3x^2(x^4 + 1)}{(x^3 - 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{4x^6 - 4x^3 - 3x^6 - 3x^2}{(x^3 - 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{x^6 - 4x^3 - 3x^2}{(x^3 - 1)^2}$$

exercice:

$$f(x) = \overbrace{(3x^2 + 3x)}^u \underbrace{(2x + 2)}_v$$

$$u'(x) = 3 \times 2x + 3 = 6x + 3$$

$$v'(x) = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= (6x + 3)(2x + 2) + 2(3x^2 + 3x) \\ &= 12x^2 + 12x + 6x + 6 + 6x^2 + 6x \\ &= 18x^2 + 24x + 6. \end{aligned}$$

$$\bullet g(x) = \frac{10x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{x}}.$$

$$u'(x) = 10 \times 2x = 20x$$

$$v'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}.$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{20x\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \times (10x^2 + 1)}{(\cancel{\sqrt{x}})^2}$$

$$= \frac{20x\sqrt{x} - \frac{10x^2 + 1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{x}.$$