

C.C.2 BIS

4) $y'' + ay' + by = 0$

↳ $y(0) = \pm 1 \quad y'(0) = 0$

g) $y_h = A \cos(x) + B \sin(x)$

10) $y'' - 4y' + 4y = e^{2x}$

$$y_h(x) = (C_1 + C_2 x) e^{2x}$$

on pose $y_p(x) = A x^2 e^{2x}$

$$\Rightarrow A = 1/2$$

Donc :

$$y(x) = (C_1 + C_2 x) e^{2x} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 e^{2x}$$

$$\bullet y(0) = 0 \Leftrightarrow C_1 = 0$$

$$\bullet y'(0) = 0 \Leftrightarrow C_2 + 2C_1 = 0$$

$$y'(x) = C_2 e^{2x} + (C_1 + C_2 x) \times 2e^{2x} + \frac{1}{2} \times 2x e^{2x} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \times 2e^{2x}$$

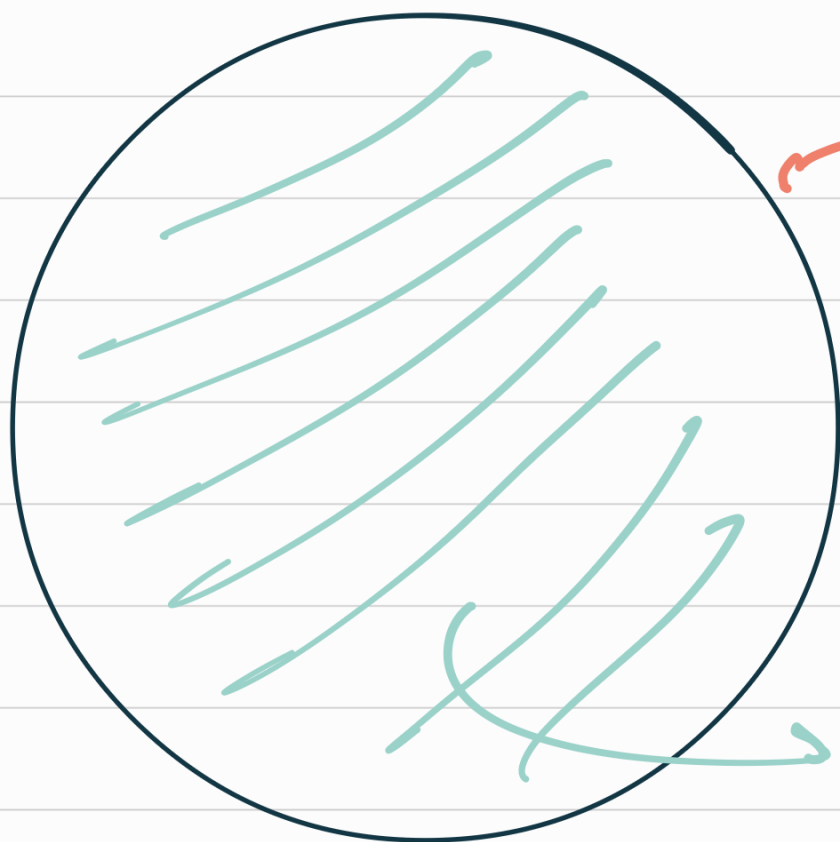
$\Rightarrow C_2 = 0$ car $C_1 = 0$

Donc $y(x) = \frac{x^2}{2} e^{2x}$.

b) $1 - x^2 - y^2 > 0$

$x^2 + y^2 < 1$

↳ disque ouvert



↳ cercle

disque
ouvert

$$17) f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta)$$

$$= \frac{r^2 \cos(\theta) \sin \theta}{\sqrt{r^2 \cos^2 + r^2 \sin^2}} = \frac{r^2 \cos \theta \sin \theta}{\sqrt{r^2}}$$

$$= r \cos \theta \sin \theta$$

$$0 \leq |f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta)| \leq r \times 1 \times 1$$

$$\xrightarrow{r \rightarrow 0} 0$$

$$\text{done } f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta) \xrightarrow{r \rightarrow 0} 0$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x, y) \xrightarrow{(x, y) \rightarrow (0,0)} 0$$

(a, b) est un point critique
si $\nabla f(a, b) = (0, 0)$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x, y) = 0 \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, y) = 0 \end{array} \right. \iff \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = a \\ y = b \end{array} \right.$$

22) $g(x_1; 0) = 0$

$$L_a = \{ (x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : f(x, y) = a \}$$

23) $f(x, y) = a$
 $x^2 + y^2 = a$ 1) cercle

$$z = f(x_0, y_0) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x_0, y_0)(x - x_0) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x_0, y_0)(y - y_0).$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x_0, y_0, z_0)(x - x_0) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x_0, y_0, z_0)(y - y_0) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}(x_0, y_0, z_0)(z - z_0) = 0$$

25) $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x, y) = 2x + 3y$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, y) = 3x + 3y^2$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}(x, y) = 3$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x}(x, y) = 3$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}(x, y) = 2$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}(x, y) = 6y.$$

27) $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x, y) = 4x^3 - 4y$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, y) = 4y^3 - 4x$$